

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Cancelled).

2. (Currently Amended) A method of show-through image mitigation comprising:
placing a bound collection of duplex printed pages on an image scanning device;
scanning a facing page of the bound collection;
receiving image information comprising facing page image information, backside image information, and adjacent page image information;
scanning the adjacent page without the intervening facing page and backside image information;
determining scanned density data for the facing page substrate and effective absorbency data for the combined back and adjacent page information;
determining show-through compensated density data;
transforming the show-through compensated density data for one or all of the images into show-through compensated reflectance image data; and,
removing show-through image information based on the density and reflectance calculations, leaving only substantially the facing page image information.

3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 2, wherein determining the show-through compensated density data includes:
spatially filtering the effective absorbency data for at least one of the back or adjacent images; and
subtracting the spatially filtered absorbency data from the scanned density data for the front side image.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the spatial filtering

includes using a filter corresponding to a pre-determined show-through point spread function.

5. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the spatial filtering uses a filter corresponding to a show-through point spread function estimated from the scanned data for the three sides.

6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the spatial filtering is performed using a digital filter.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the digital filter is an adaptive filter.

8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 2, wherein determining the scanned density data for the sides comprises determining a logarithm (or approximation thereof) of the ratio of the received image data for a region of the image bearing substrate containing an image and for a region of the image bearing substrate having no image on either the front or the back sides.

9. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 2, wherein the scanned density of the front side is determined using the relationship:

$$D_1^s(x,y) = -\ln (R_1^s(x,y)/R_p^w)$$

where $\ln()$ denotes the natural logarithm.

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 2, wherein the absorbency of the back and adjacent sides is approximated using the relationship:

$$A_{23}^e(x,y) \equiv [1 - T_2^2(x,y)T_3^s(x,y)]$$

where $T_3^s(x,y)$ and $T_2^2(x,y)$ are obtained from the scanned data as $T_3^s(x,y) \equiv R_3^s(x,y)/R_p^w$ and $T_2^2(x,y) \approx R_2^s(x,y)/R_p^w$.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 2, wherein the show-through compensated density data is determined using the relationship:

$$D_1(x,y) = D_1^s(x,y) - H(x,y) * A_{23}^e(x,y).$$

12. (Previously Presented) A show-through image information removal apparatus for removing show-through image information from image data generated by scanning an image bearing substrate having a front side image and a back side image, wherein the substrate is adjacent a backing comprising an adjacent side image that shows through the image bearing substrate comprising:

an input/output interface;

a memory; and

a show-through image information compensation device; wherein:

image data for the front side image, the back side image and the adjacent side image is received through the input/output interface and stored in the memory;

the show-through compensation device determines scanned density data for the substrate of the front-side image;

the show-through compensation device determines approximate absorbency data for the substrates on which the combination of the back and adjacent side images are printed from received image data for the front side image, the back side image and the adjacent side image that shows through the image bearing substrate; and,

the show through compensation device determines show-through compensated density data for the substrate based on the scanned density data and the approximate absorbency data.

13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, further comprising a data alignment circuit for aligning image data of the front, back and adjacent side images.

14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the show-through image information compensation device comprises:

means for determining scanned density data for the front side image from the received image data for the front side image;

means for approximating an absorbency of the combination of

back and adjacent sides and estimating a show-through point spread function;
means for determining show-through compensated density data for the front side from the scanned density data, the approximated absorbencies and the estimated show-through point spread function.

15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the show-through correction is based on a linearized relationship between the image data for the front, back and adjacent sides.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the estimated show-through point-spread function is estimated using a digital filter.

17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the digital filter is an adaptive filter.

18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the show-through image information compensation device determines the scanned density data by determining a logarithm of a ratio of the received image data of a region having an image on the image bearing substrate and received image data of a region having no image on the image bearing substrate.

19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the normalized reflectance of the back side image is determined by the show-through image information compensation device using the relationship:

$$T_3^s(x,y) \equiv R_3^s(x,y)/R_p^w.$$

20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the absorbency of the combination of back and adjacent sides is approximated by the show-through image information compensation device using the relationship:

$$A_{23}^e(x,y) \equiv [1 - T_2^2(x,y)T_3^s(x,y)]$$

where $T_3^s(x,y)$ and $T_2^2(x,y)$ are obtained from the scanned data as $T_3^s(x,y) \equiv R_3^s(x,y)/R_p^w$ and $T_2^2(x,y) \approx R_2^s(x,y)/R_p^w$.

21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the show-through

image information compensation device determines show-through compensated density data by determining the show-through compensated density data using the relationship:

$$D_1(x,y) = D_1^s(x,y) - H(x,y) * A_{23}^e(x,y).$$

22. (Original) An image forming device including the show-through image information removal apparatus of claim 12.

23. (Previously Presented) A method for removing show-through image information from back and adjacent side images, from image data generated by scanning a duplex printed document, wherein the show-through compensation is based on density and absorbcency of a substrate described by a linearized relationship between the scanned data for the front, back and adjacent side images behind the front and back sides, and wherein the front side image data is in density space.